

**Status table on transitional free allocation to power generators for 2013**  
**Updated on 11 November 2013\***

| <b>Member State</b> | <b>Number of Free Allowances pursuant to Article 10c (2013)</b> | <b>Submission Date</b> | <b>European Commission Decision Date</b> | <b>Allocation Date</b> |
|---------------------|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Bulgaria            | 13,542,000  |                        |  |                        |
| Cyprus              | 2,519,077   |                        |  |                        |
| Czech Republic      | 26,916,667  |                        |  |                        |
| Estonia             | 5,288,827   |                        |  |                        |
| Hungary             | 7,047,255   | 18 October 2013        |  |                        |
| Lithuania           | 582,373   |                        |  |                        |
| Poland              | 77,817,376  |                        |  |                        |
| Romania             | 17,852,479  |                        |  |                        |

\* An update will be made available when new information from Member States is available.

**Context:**

Eight Member States have made use of the derogation from full auctioning for the modernisation of the power sector and are allowed to allocate free allowances on this basis for a transitional period ending in 2019.

Before such allocations can take place, Member States must submit a corresponding NAT. According to the national rules for the implementation of the derogation, this may in some cases require reporting on whether investments set out in a national plan and justifying the allocation have actually been carried out.